

# **RECYCLING (REUSE) OF PHOTOVOLTAIC PANELS**

## March 2022

# SHINRYO CORPORATION



# Company Profile



Name	Shinryo Corporation		
Head office	3-9-22, Kurosaki, Yahatanishi-ku, Kitakyushu City, Fukuoka Prefecture, 806-0021		
Est.	October 1, 1964		
Representative	ETO Toshiro, President		
Capital	JPY 500 million		
Stockholder	Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation 🙏 MITSUBISHI		
Sales	JPY 24.4 billion (forecast for FY 2021)		
No. employees	Approx. 1,300		
Main businesses	Circular economy and 3Rs, fine chemicals precision cleaning and surface treatment, wafer reclaiming, contract plating (electronic component processing), healthcare		
Locations	□Fine chemicals□□Aomori, Fukushima, Fukuoka □Electronics□□Iwate, Yamagata, Mie, Fukuoka, Kumamoto, Miyazaki □Circular economy□□Fukuoka, Kagoshima, Mie		
Group companies	Recycle Tech Co., Ltd. (81%), GEMtek (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (100%)		



### WASTE PV PANELS: EMISSIONS IN JAPAN





Source: Excerpt from "November 2018 Measures for the disposal of photovoltaic power facilities and equipment", Agency for Natural Resources and Energy

The volume of PV panels will peak around 2035 to 2040 with approximately 170,000 to 280,000 tons (10 to 17 million panels) disposed per year, which is equivalent to 1.7 to 2.7% of the final disposal sites for industrial waste.

### **PV Recycling: Challenges & Background**

- Currently, PV waste is mostly landfilled.
- The structure of PV panels differs by material.
- ⇒ Low-cost, versatile recycling methods must be developed that are compatible with an environmental- and recycling-oriented society



- 1. Arrival of the era of mass disposal
- 2. Demand for a social system
- 3. Low cost ⇒ Business profitability
- 4. Quality and stability  $\Rightarrow$  Business continuity
- Versatility ⇒ Compatible with different PV (Crystalline Si, thin-film Si, CIS solar systems)
- 6. High recycling rate ⇒ Environmental circularity

#### Need to develop treatment methods that are low-cost and versatile with high recycling rates



# **Typical Example of PV Panel Structure** (Crystalline Si system)



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### **RECYCLING PV PANELS**







### **PVR EVA PYROLYSIS PROÇESS**







#### Condition of PV panels after firing



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## **EVALUATION OF PV GLASS CULLET**



\*Evaluation and review conducted by glass wool manufacturer, Oneworld Co., Ltd.

 Production of glass wool prototypes from 100% PV glass (manufactured to the point of an insulation product) in a small-scale plant (raw materials: 2 tons). Also includes an assessment of the composition and performance of insulation materials.



No abnormalities in appearance (left: PV raw material prototype, right: OW raw material product)



External view of insulation prototype (left: PV glass, right: window glass)

Table: Results of thermal conductivity

of prototype (insulation)

	PV raw material	Regular raw material
	prototype	product
Test results from the	λ=0.040	λ=0.041
Japan Testing Center for	(0.00403)	(0.00410)
Construction Materials		



# Features of Shinryo's System (Firing Process + Advanced Sorting)

	Features
Versatility	Compatible with various PV modules (crystalline Si, thin-film Si, CIS systems) Compatible with PV broken glass modules.
High recycling rate (99% and above)	Material recycling rate: 82% (99% and over for glass, aluminum, cells, wires) With the inclusion of heat recovery, the overall recycling rate is 99% and over.
Increased CO <sub>2</sub> reduction effects	CO <sub>2</sub> reduction effect during the production of glass wool is significant because cover glass, which has a high weight ratio, can be recycled into glass wool (potential of sheet glass is currently under investigation). Processing a 1-MW mega solar power plant using Shinryo's system reduces CO <sub>2</sub> emissions by approximately 200 tons. If recycled into sheet glass, the reduction effect is even higher.
Energy efficiency (Heat recovery systems)	Excellent energy efficiency because energy for the EVA resin removal process can be covered with the use of heat from EVA combustion (80% to 90% covered)

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