

Challenges in Stack Gas monitoring and Solutions

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Personal Introduction





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Work record

2008-2018 Automotive Emissions

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HORIBA INDIA activity in India

ISO9001:2015 for QMS ISO14001:2015 for EMS ISO 45001:2018 for OASMS NABL ISO IEC 17025:2005



Calibration Lab



WQMS



Certification and Accreditations for Engine Testing, Vehicle Testing, Automotive Test Systems Design, and P&E Manufacturing at HITC Pune



Vehicle Test Cell



Analyser manufacturing



Discussion point

History

- CPCB issued direction for online Emission monitoring in 2014
- 17 Industries came under RED category in FEB 2014
- Powerplants asked to reduce SOx & NOx and install FGD & SCR
- Many industries installed CEMS

Points to Ponder

- How is the compliance status emissions regulation?
- Is there any inspection regime like Relative Accuracy Test Audit (RATA)
- What are the challenges in the field for installed CEMS

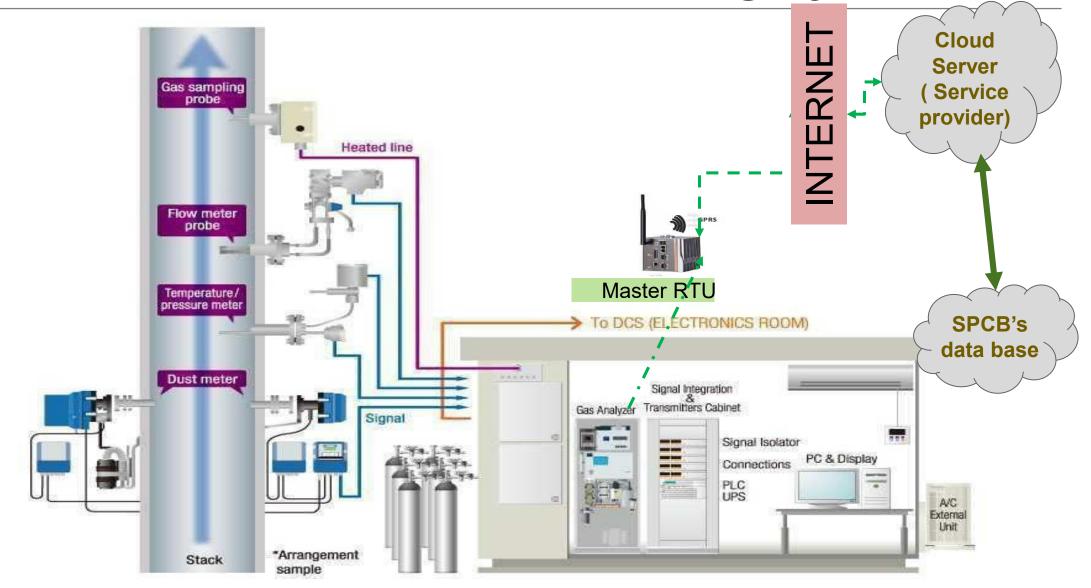


Today's topics

- Type of CEMS
- Commonly used CEMS
- Challenges faced in field
- Core component and technology
- Conclusion



Typical Continuous Emission Measuring System





Common challenges faced in field

- Sample line chocking.
- Ceramic sample probe filter chocking due to fly ash and gas condensation & poor back flush
- Sometimes flue gas sample probe internals (filter, holding spring) gets eroded due to gas condensation.
- The insufficient heating capacity of heat trace line is also responsible for moisture condensation in sample line.
- Analyser drifting
- Calibration process very difficult for Insitu Analysers, poor quality control
- Quality of Dust free Air for Permeation dryer type extractive sampling, frequent chocking of dryer tube necessitating replacement of dryer
- Maintaining dilution ratio in a dilution CEMS



Commonly used CEMS technology

Sr.	Technology	
1.	Extractive CEMS with heated sampling line	
2.	Extractive CEMS with permeation dryer in sampling probe	
3.	In-Situ CEMS	
4.	Dilution CEMS	

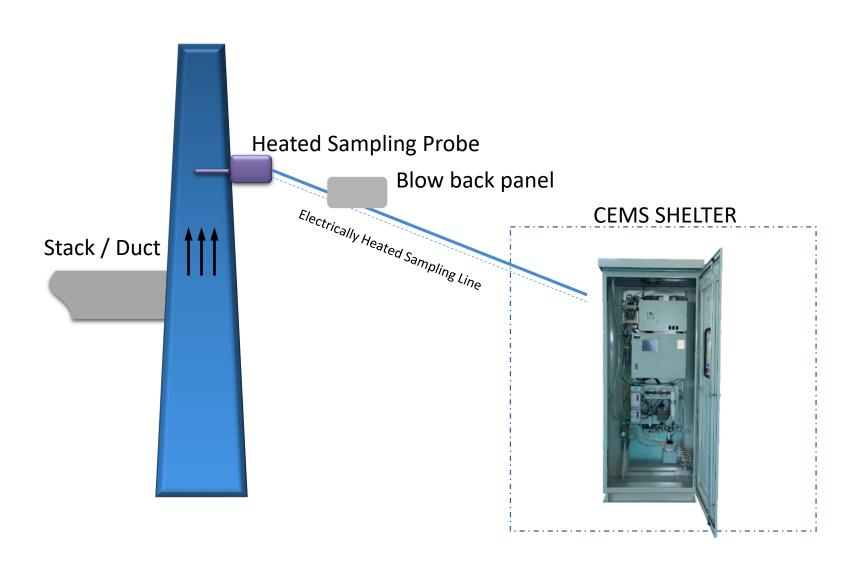


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Extractive CEMS with heated sampling line



Sample gas is extracted from the stack by using of Heated Sampling Probe and transported to the CEMS Cabinet by Heated Sampling Line.

Typical distace is 5 to 30 meters, but sometimes up to 100 meters.

Extractive technology is mostly used for monitoring of SO_2 , NO_X , CO, CO_2 , O_2 , TOC and Hg

Extractive CEMS with heated sampling line

Advantages	Challenges
Complies with US EPA and European Regulations for CEMS	Necessity of laying the heated sampling line, complicated in case of long distance
Easy access to analyzer for maintenance and service	Certain power consumption in case of long distance between sampling point and analyzer cabinet
Easy quality control procedure	A time delay of sample gas transport in case of long distance between sampling point and analyzer cabinet.
Results of measurement are already related to Dry Gas Conditions and Standard Conditions (273 K and 1013,25 mbar)	
Good operational conditions for analyzer as only dry and conditioned gas enters the analyzer	

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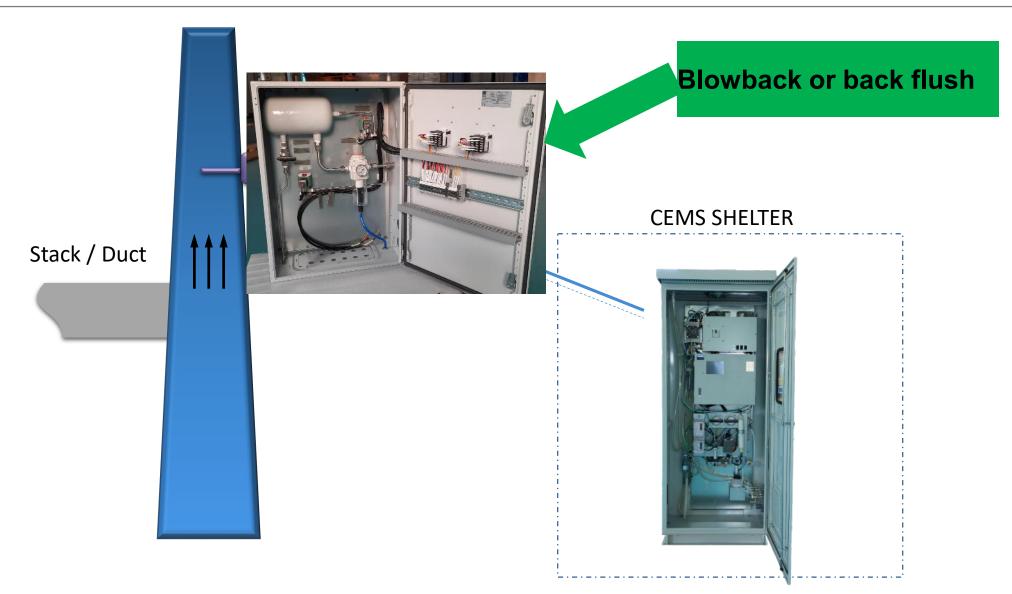




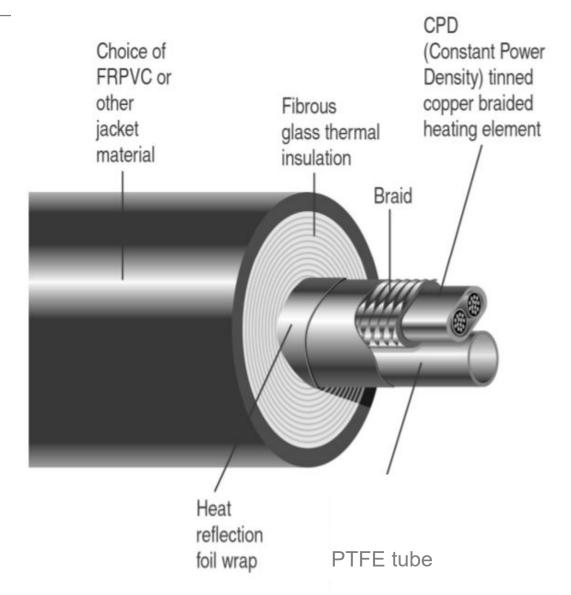


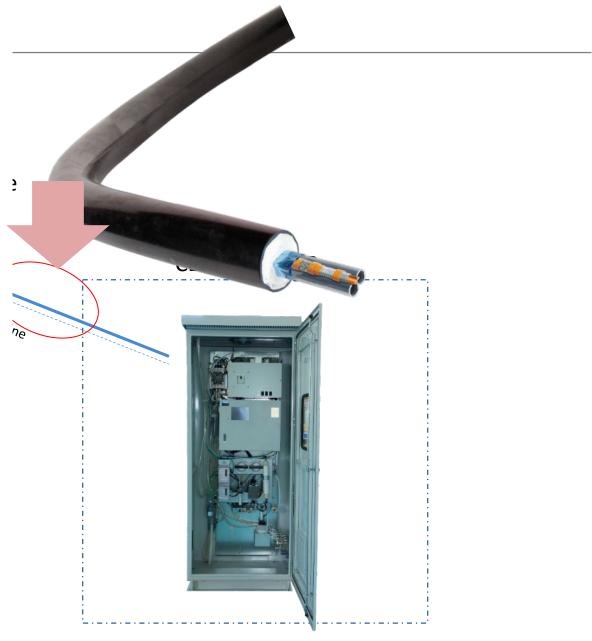


Blow back panel and heated line



Heated line







Sample handling system

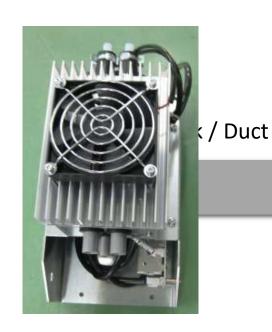
For reference only

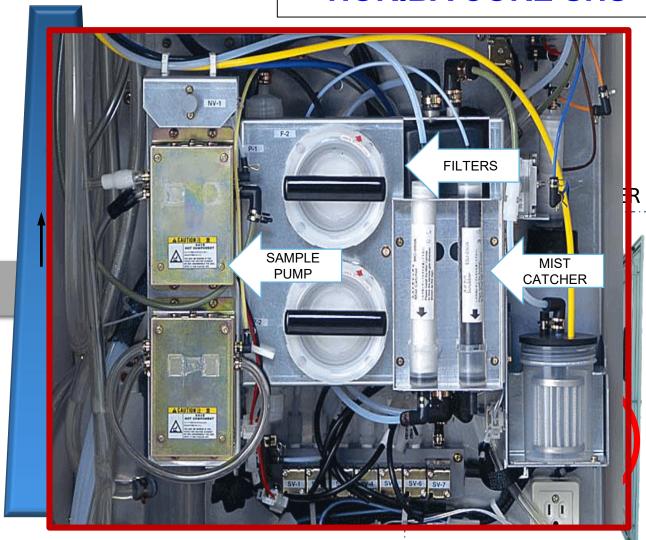
Stack / Duct

Pump Cooler Valve Filters Tubing

Sample handling system

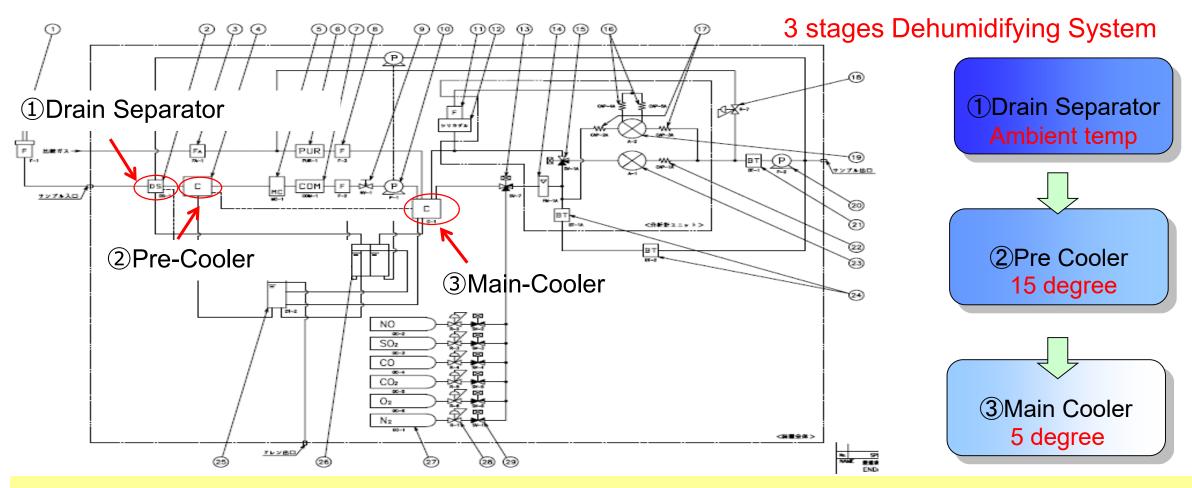
HORIBA CORE SHS





- Mist catcher
- Cl2 scrubber
- Halogen scrubber
- **Special Drain** separator

3 stages Dehumidifying System



- Minimizes dissolution loss of SO2
- Up to 40% H2O is endured by this system

Analyser NDIR Key Optical components



Optical Filter



Optical module







E-HARBOR

Unify R&D, design, Engineering, manufacturing for Gas measurement technology and product



What is "SENGU"?

Tradition, Shrines are rebuilt every 20 years/



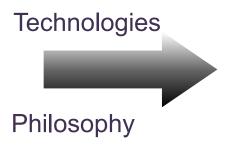




To maintain the ancient architecture, and transfer the skill of carpenters to the next generation.

HORIBA transfers our Technologies and Philosophy to new factory and new generation









Conclusion / Discussion point

Conclusion

- Like any machine Analsyer Systems too need maintenance
- System design is very important for trouble free operation
- Cheapest always is not the best
- →Quality things do come at cost but lasts long



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