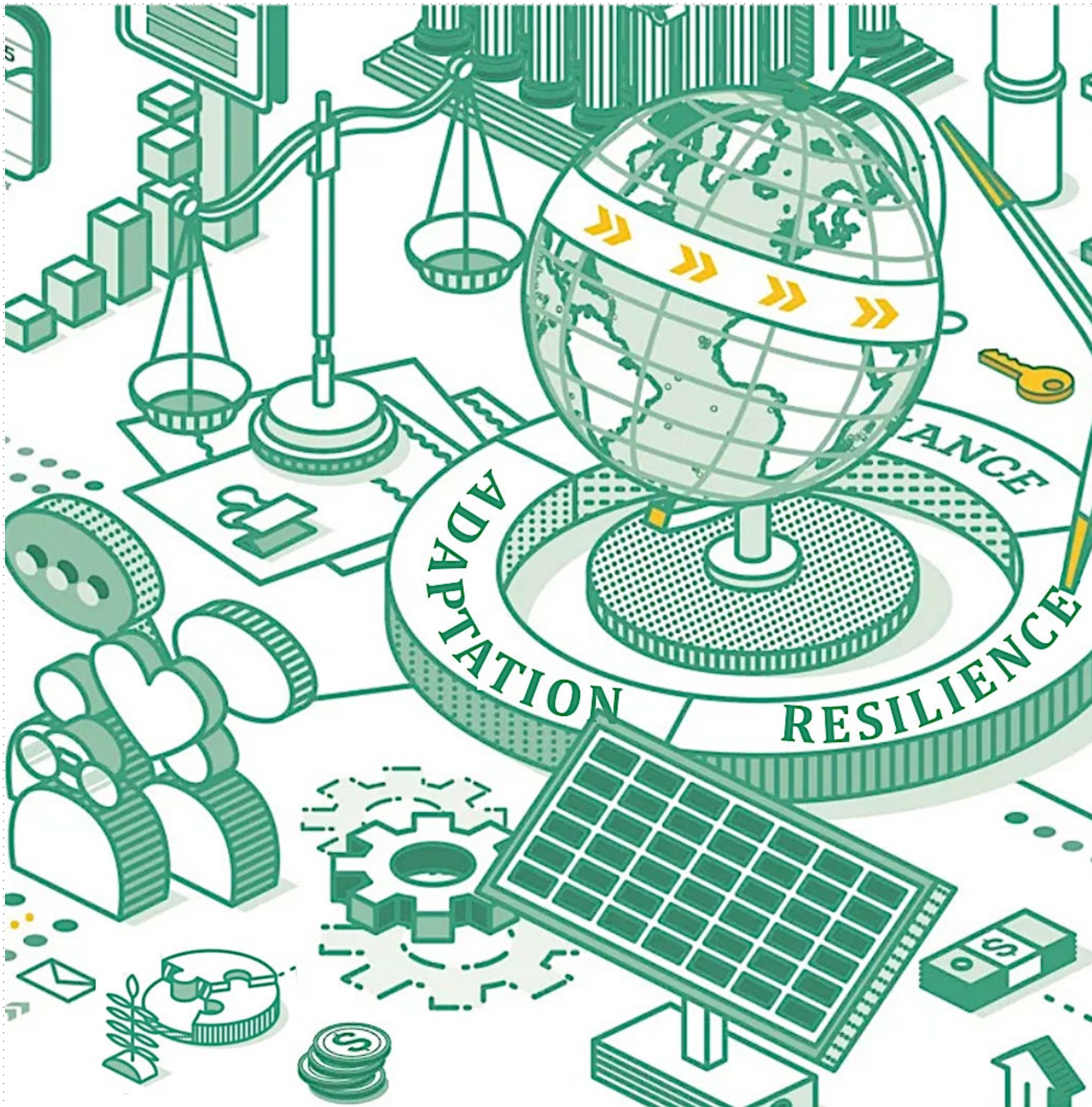


GGGI

National Adaptation Planning & Climate Security

Nicholas Taylor

Adaptation and Resilience Lead, GGGI HQ



The Global Green Growth Institute (GGGI) is a treaty-based international, inter-governmental organization dedicated to supporting and promoting strong, inclusive and sustainable economic growth in developing countries and emerging economies.

MEMBER STATES AND COUNTRIES OF OPERATION



Headquartered in Seoul, Republic of Korea, GGGI has **54 Member States** and operations in 57 countries.



GGGI NAP Activity Worldwide (as of Jan 2025)

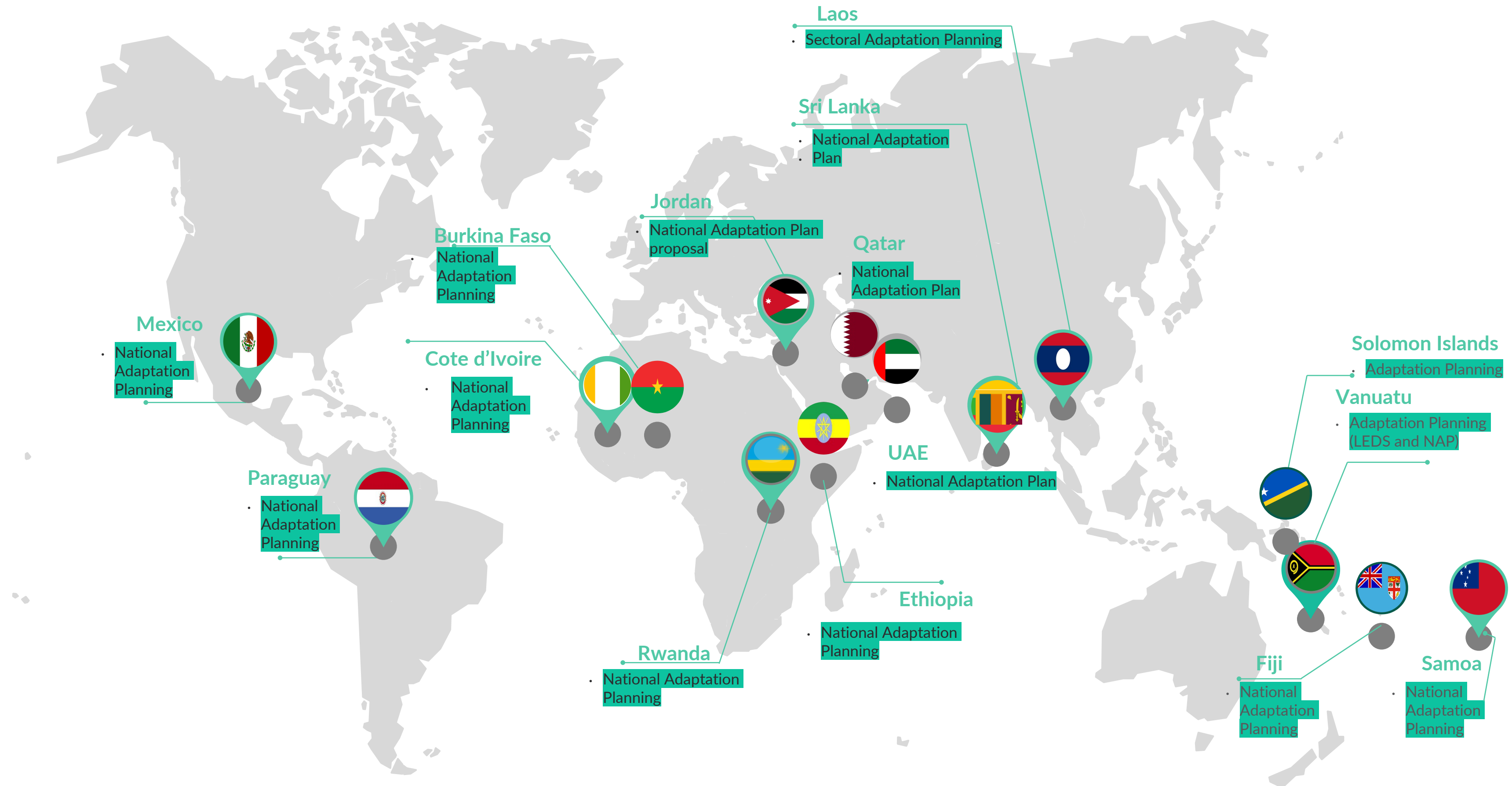


24

Countries where GGGI is enhancing adaptation planning through NDC or NAPs

15

NAP processes at various stages



What are NAPs? : More than Just a Document...

1. A means of identifying medium- and long-term adaptation needs & developing strategies, programmes and infrastructure to address those needs.
2. A continuous, progressive and iterative process that follows a country-driven, gender-sensitive, participatory and fully transparent approach.

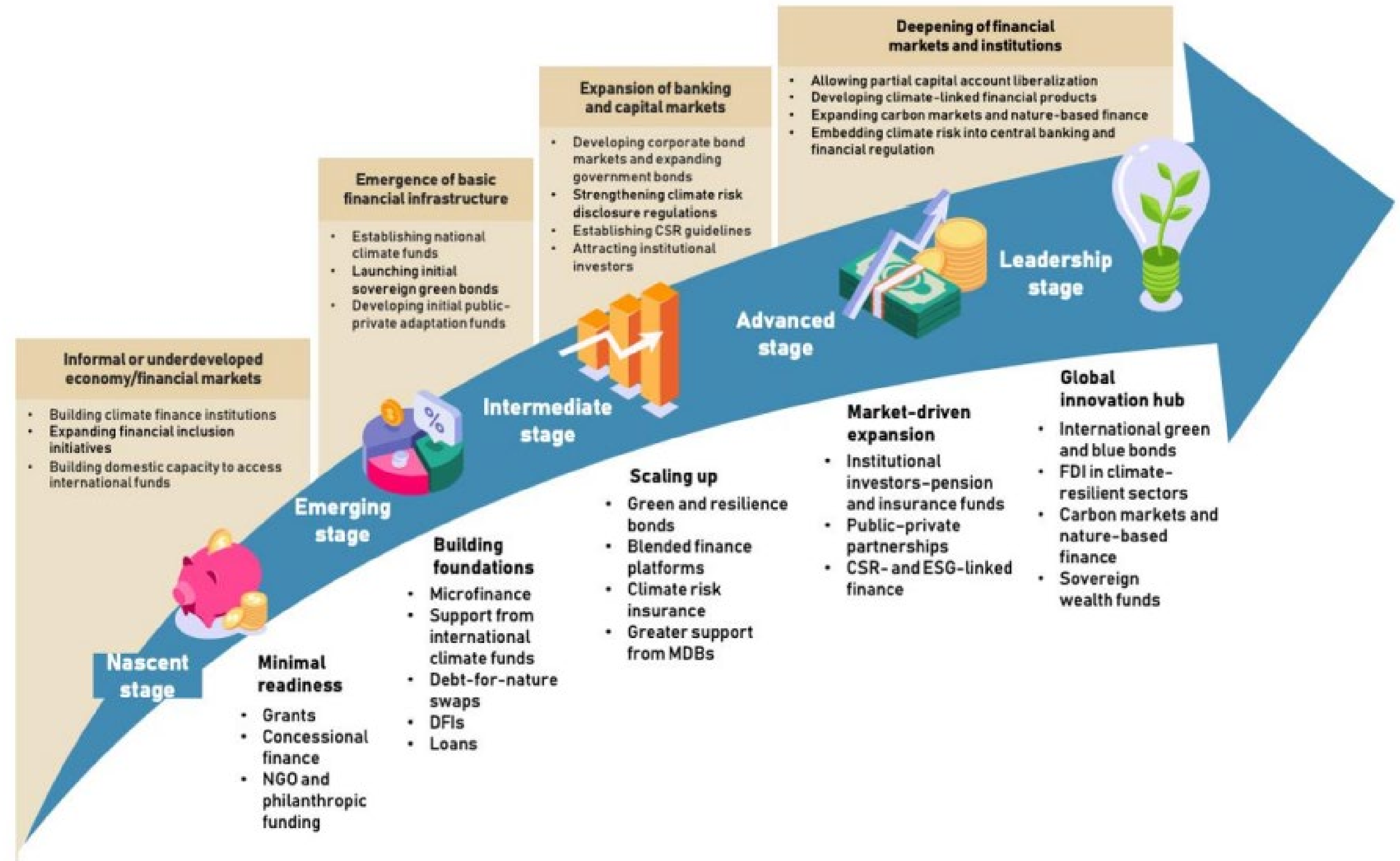
But: NAPs are easily sidelined by politics. Documents alone cannot be the guarantors of climate resilience, in particular as now the core task is implementation of NAPs



How are NAPs structured today?

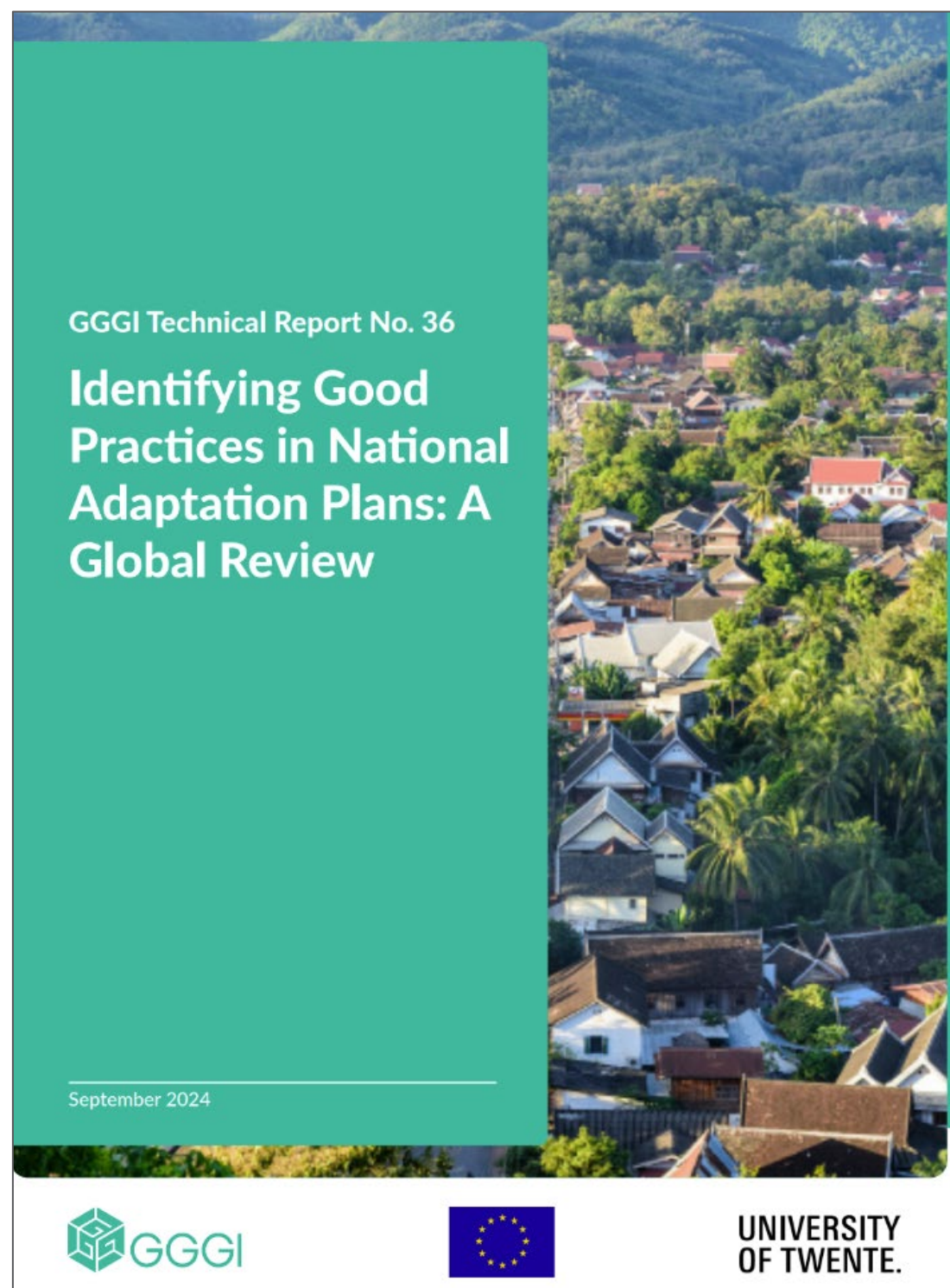


New NAP Technical Guidelines (UNFCCC, 2025)

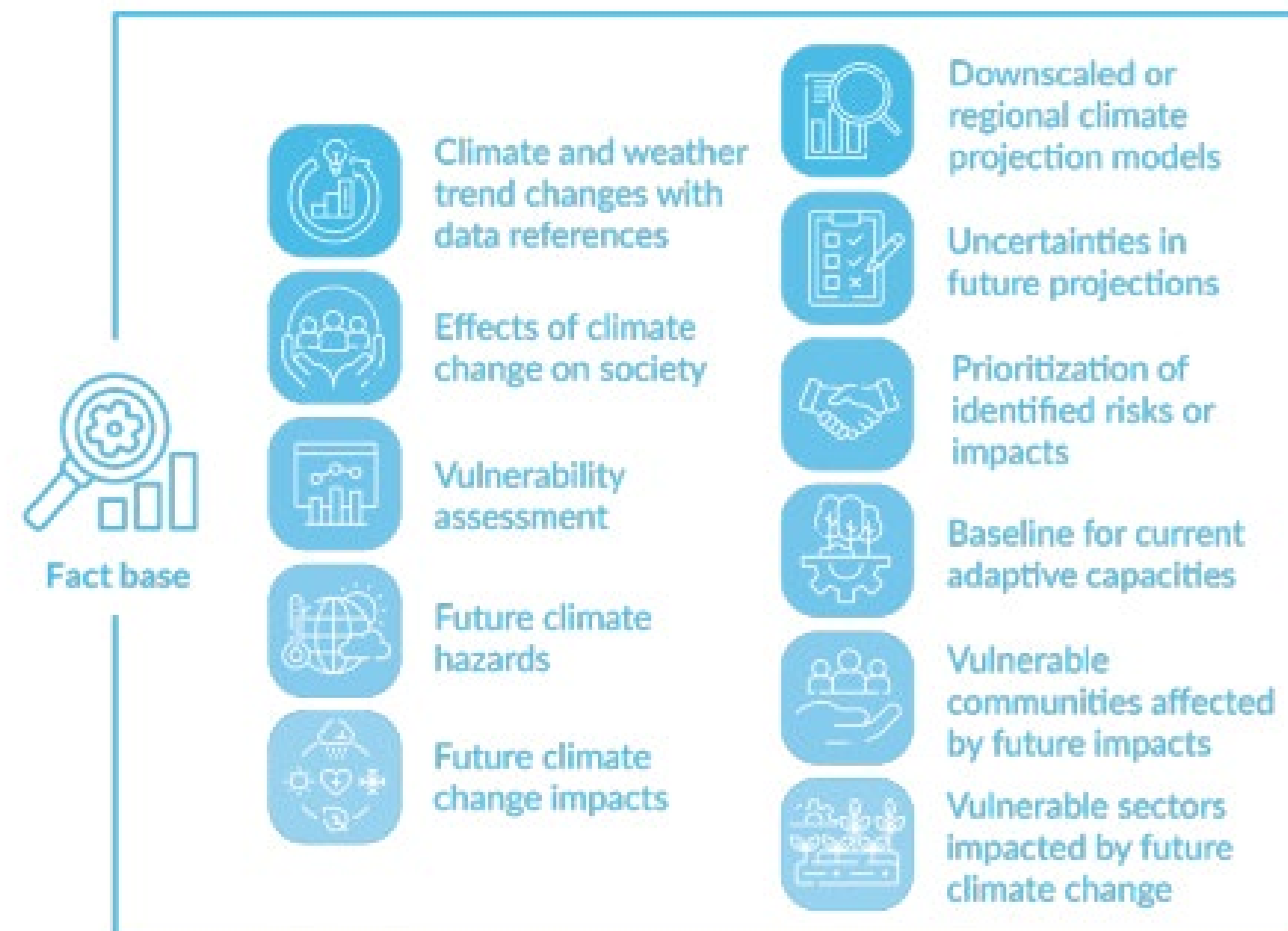


Gradual progression in capacity to engage in and catalyse increasingly complex financing instruments and modalities

GGGI's Global Study of NAPs found that vulnerabilities are more easily dealt with than future or downscaled projections



i.E Fact base criteria for NAPs :



84%

8. Does the plan identify certain vulnerable communities and groups that will be particularly affected by the future impacts?

60%

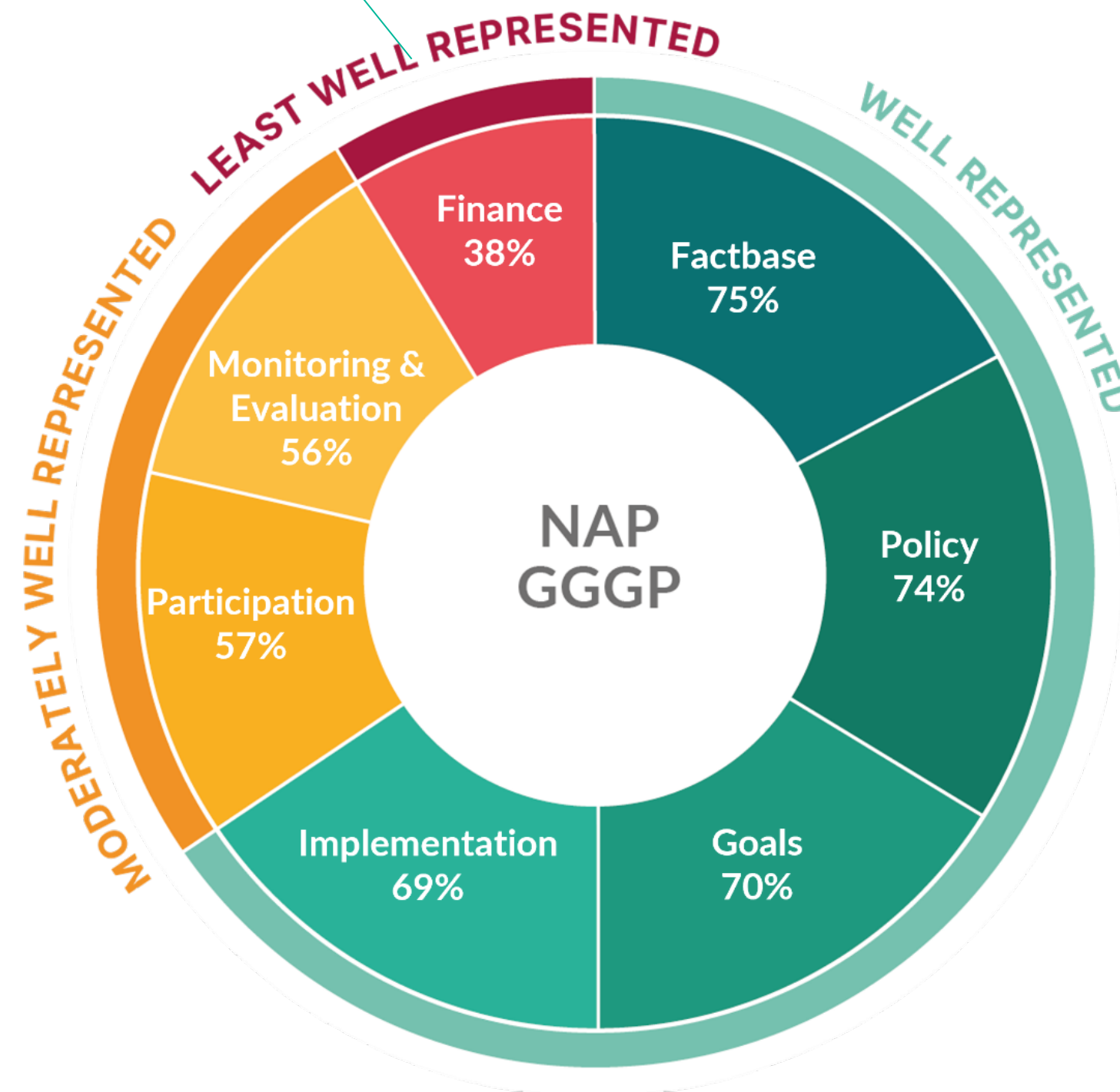
7. Does the plan capture uncertainties in future projections?

GGGI NAP GP Study published in 2024 of 54 NAPs highlighted the following “Gaps”

Only 6% of NAPs detailed the cost of inaction of adaptation actions

Only 60% of NAPs detailed total cost of adaptation actions

Only 30% of NAPs discussed potential innovative financing mechanisms as ways to finance the NAP



It is important that all elements across all categories are **given equal attention** during the development of a NAP to facilitate its effective implementation, always in the **context of each country’s needs and priorities.**

*A 70% score in the *Goals* category means that, on average, all 52 NAPs met 70% of the elements in that category, which corresponds to having approximately 3 out of 4 elements in the Goals category in their respective NAPs covered

GGGI Adaptation Finance Approach: NAPs at its core.



GGGI's member country offices collaborate directly with relevant ministries to support governments the HQ A&R group identifies and addresses national adaptation and resilience needs.



Member country partnership pipeline for adaptation & resilience

Working across

Climate-Smart Agriculture

Green Cities

Gender, Equity, and Social Inclusion

Sustainable Landscapes

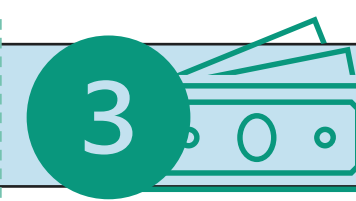
Coastal Resilience



1 Policy Support



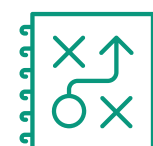
2 Projects



3 Climate Finance



National Adaptation Planning (NAPs)



NDC enhancement, Long-Term Low Emissions Development Strategies, and Green Recovery Planning



Capacity building and technical advisory



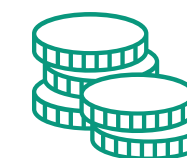
Support for project design and proposal development



Regional and global partnership programs for development



Project implementation and implementation support



Supports governments to secure finance for adaptation projects



Develop resilience Bonds & National Financial Vehicles



Establish global partnerships for the development of

Case Study: Positioning Samoa's NAP in its Existing Policy Frameworks

National Climate Change Policy 2020-2030

National Level

Eight Objectives

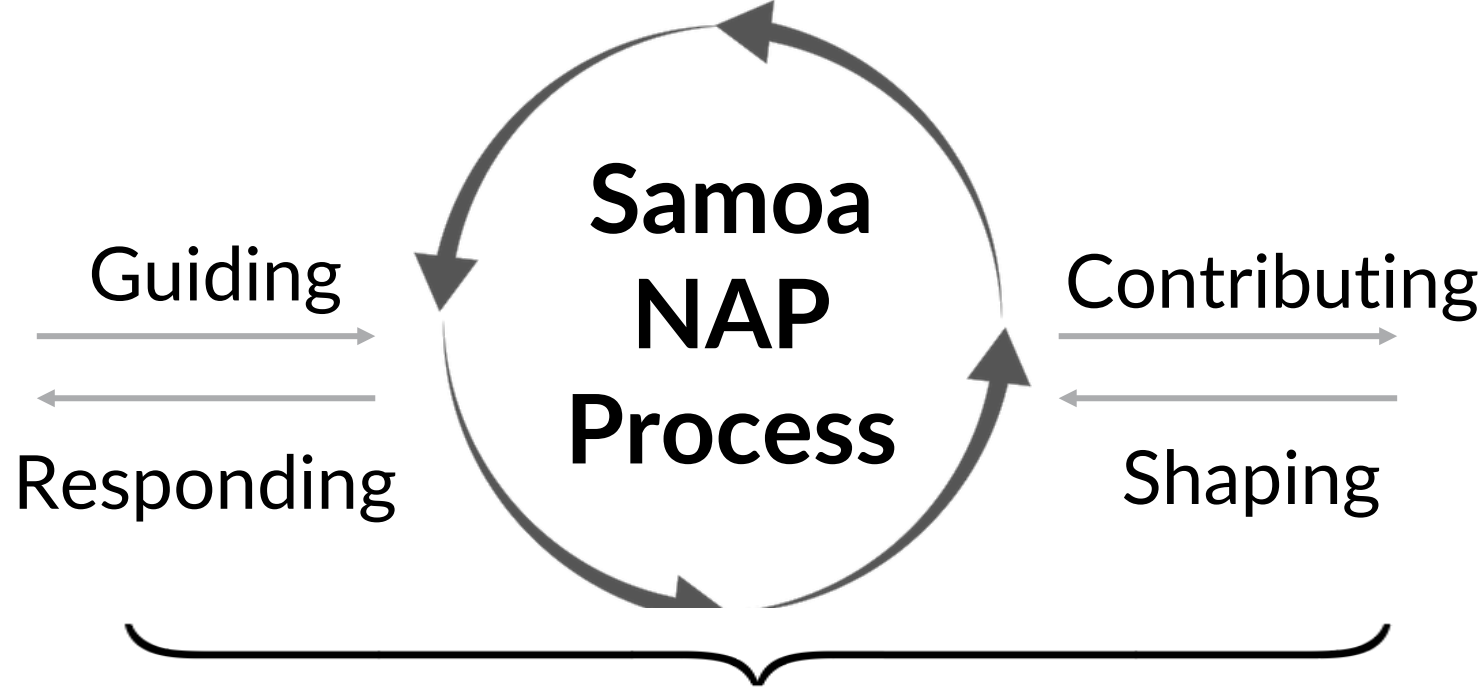
- 1) Effective Governance framework
- 2) Implementing adaptation measures
- 3) Implementing mitigation measures
- 4) Mainstreaming climate change
- 5) Improved data and information
- 6) Effective coordination internationally
- 7) Awareness, education and advocacy

Pathway for the Development of Samoa 2021/22 – 2025/26

National Level

Key Strategic Outcome

- 1) Improved Social Development
- 2) Diversified and Sustainable Economy
- 3) Security and Trusted Governance
- 4) Secured Environment and Climate Change
- 5) Structured Public Works and Infrastructure



NAP serves as a bridge between Samoa's climate change policy and sustainable development strategy, and guides actions for CIM Plans.

Community Integrated Management (CIM) Plans

Community Level

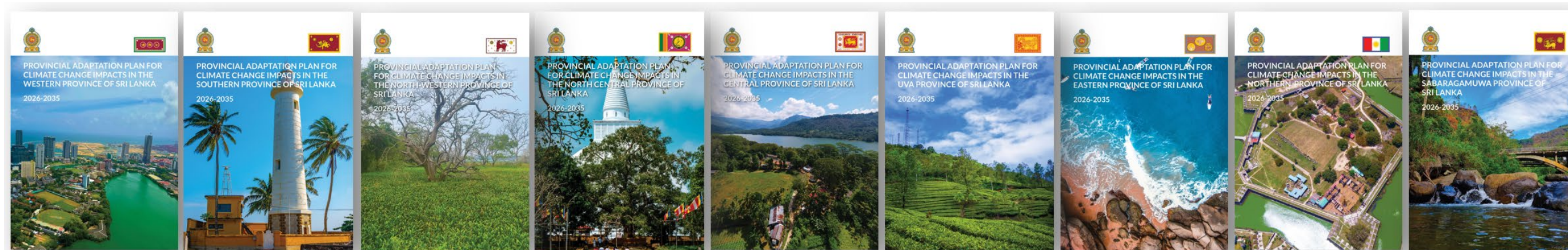
Case Study: SRI LANKA NAP: A “Full” NAP, Costed, Aligned and Actionable Framework



13 Sectoral Adaptation Action Plans



09 Costed Provincial Adaptation Plans



13 Sectoral Adaptation Action Plans aligned with sector policies & NDC 3.0.

Each plan includes **user-friendly risk dashboards, adaptation strategies, KPIs, timelines, responsible agencies, and indicative costs.**

9 costed Provincial Adaptation Plans (PAPs) integrated into provincial planning.

Gender & Social Action Plan (GSAP) ensures inclusivity and equitable benefits.

Monitoring, Evaluation & Learning (MEL) Framework to track progress.



Thank you



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