





"Beyond coal – Towards net-zero emissions: A common challenge for Japan and Germany"

18 December 2020, 4-6 pm JST, 8-10 am CET

AGENDA

FACILITATOR: Yukari Takamura, University of Tokyo

TIME	SESSION
16.00 - 16.10	WELCOME
	Ina Lepel , Ambassador of the Federal Republic of Germany in Japan Kazuhiko Takeuchi , President, Institute for Global Environmental Strategies (IGES), Japan
16.10 - 16.20	"THE LONG WAY OUT" - GERMANY AND COAL
	Hannah Schindler, Senior Project Coordinator, Climate Transparency
16.20 - 16.50	"AND NOW A FAST RUN" - HOW FAST CAN WE, HOW FAST DO WE NEED TO REDUCE EMISSIONS FROM COAL?
	Japan and Germany both committed to reduce greenhouse gas emissions to net-zero by 2050. This conversation will explore what this means for the phase-out of coal in both countries. <i>Hiroshi Ono</i> , Director General, Global Environment Bureau, Ministry of the Environment, Japan <i>Norbert Gorissen</i> , Deputy Director-General, International Policy Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety, Germany
16.50 - 17.05	Q&A
	RUNNING TOGETHER: INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION FOR DECARBONIZING THE WORLD
	Along with the principle of not financing new coal power projects, Japan's new Infrastructure System Export Strategy set forth an approach of encouraging other countries to make the shift to decarbonisation by offering assistance with policy

Infrastructure System Export Strategy set forth an approach of encouraging other countries to make the shift to decarbonisation by offering assistance with policy formulation and providing a range of decarbonisation technology options. This Session will discuss how to promote developing countries' decarbonisation through policy engagement and the provision of technology options.

TIME SESSION

17.05 - 17.20 AN ANALYSIS OF JAPAN'S NEW INFRASTRUCTURE SYSTEM EXPORT STRATEGY

Kentaro Tamura, Programme Director, Climate and Energy Area, Institute for Global Environmental Strategies (IGES), Japan

17.20 - 17.45 **ROUND OF COMMENTS BY**

Toshihiko Masui, Head, Center for Social and Environmental Systems Research (Integrated Environment and Economy Section), National Institute for Environmental Studies (NIES), Japan Jürgen Kern, Director Corporate Strategy and Sustainability, KfW Group Neil Miyabe, Head, Global Business, RENOVA, Inc. Fabby Tumiwa, Executive Director, Institute for Essential Service Reform, Indonesia

17.45 – 18.00 **Q&A AND SUMMARY**

ABOUT IGES:

<u>The Institute for Global Environmental Strategies (IGES)</u> was established in March 1998 under an initiative of the Japanese government and with the support of Kanagawa Prefecture. The aim of the Institute is to achieve a new paradigm for civilization and conduct innovative policy development and strategic research for environmental measures, reflecting the results of research into political decisions for realising sustainable development both in the Asia-Pacific region and globally.

ABOUT CLIMATE TRANSPARENCY:

<u>Climate Transparency</u> is a global partnership with a shared mission to stimulate a 'race to the top' in climate action in G20 countries through enhanced transparency. It convenes partners from Argentina (Fundación Ambiente y Recursos Naturales), Brazil (CentroClima/COPPE UFRJ), China (Energy Research Institute), France (The Institute for Sustainable Development and International Relations), Germany (Climate Analytics, Germanwatch, HUMBOLDT-VIADRINA Governance Platform, NewClimate Institute), India (The Energy and Resources Institute), Indonesia (Institute for Essential Service Reform), Japan (Institute for Global Environmental Strategies), Mexico (Initiativa Climática de México), South Africa (Energy Research Center/University of Cape Town) and the UK (Overseas Development Institute). Climate Transparency is funded by the International Climate Initiative of the German Environment Ministry, the World Bank Group, the ClimateWorks Foundation, the European Climate Foundation and the German Federal Foreign Office.

This event is part of a series of events on coal transitions in China, Japan, South Korea in the run up to COP26. It is funded by the German Federal Foreign Office.