

Status of the adaptation plans in the Asia-Pacific

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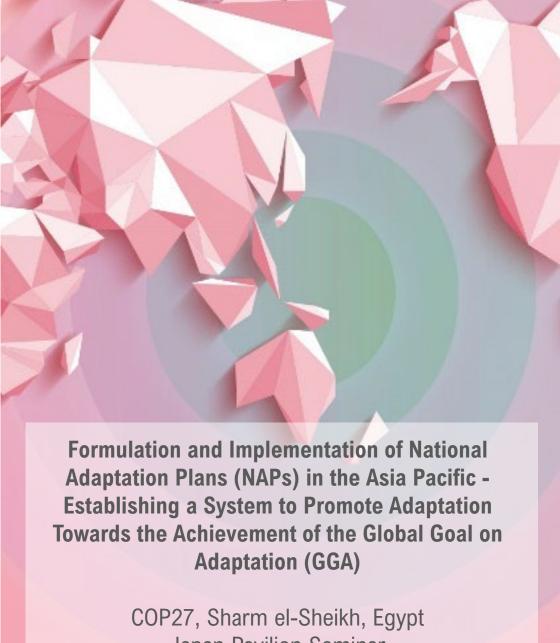
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ANALYSIS: Status of the adaptation plans

Background and Objective



Photo: UNFCCC flicker



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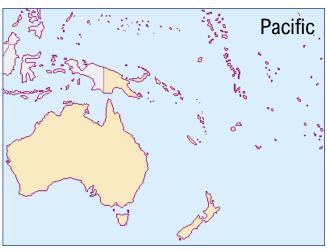
- It has been more than a decade since the "NAP process" was established as part of the Cancun Adaptation Framework in 2010.
- Under the discussion of Glass and GST, documents such as NDCs and NAPs have frequently been recognized as an effective source of information to assess adaptation progress and needs.
- The <u>LEG Technical Brief (February 2021)</u> identified gaps and needs related to the development and implementation of NAPs.
- However, there are few surveys providing an overview of the status of adaptation planning focusing in the Asia-Pacific.
- This survey was conducted with the objective to take a snapshot of the current status of adaptation plan formulation in the Asia-Pacific, by analyzing not only the NAP documents but also other documents submitted to the UNFCCC including adaptation plans, to grasp a full picture of adaptation planning in the region.



ANALYSIS: Status of the adaptation plans

Target countries' Profile





Sub-region	TOTAL (countries)
East Asia	5
South East Asia	11
South Asia	7
Pacific	16
TOTAL	39

Sub region	Non-Annex I Parties	LDCs	SIDs	
Sub-region	(countries)			
East Asia	4	0	0	
South East Asia	11	4	2	
South Asia	7	7 3		
Pacific	14	3	12	
TOTAL	36	10	15	

Source: Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Japan



ANALYSIS: Status of the adaptation plans

Status of the submitted documents to the UNFCCC

(as of 30 Sep 2022)

All countries in the Asia-Pacific

Documente	TOTAL	Oldest	Latest	
Documents	(countries)	(year)	(year)	
NC	37 / 39	2012	2022	
NDC	39 / 39	2016	2022	
NAPA	13* / 10	2005	2013	
NAP	6 / 36**	2016	2021	
AC	7 / 39	2017	2021	

Countries in the Asia-Pacific by categories

countries in the risk is doing by categories				
Documents	Non-Annex I Parties	LDCs	SIDs	
Documents	(countries)			
NC	34 / 36	9 / 10	15 / 15	
NDC	36 / 36	10 / 10	15 / 15	
NAPA	13 / 36	10 / 10	7 / 15	
NAP	6 / 36	4 / 10	3 / 15	
AC	4 / 36	2 / 10	2 / 15	

In the Asia-Pacific:

- All countries have submitted their NDCs at least for 1 to 4 times.
- All LDCs have submitted their NAPAs.
- All SIDs have submitted their NCs.

- Only 6 countries out of 36 Non-Annex I countries have submitted their NAPs.
- Only 7 countries out of 39 countries have submitted their ACs.

^{*} The development of NAPA was applicable only for the LDCs, out of which Maldives, Samoa and Vanuatu have graduated from the LDCs after their NAPA submission.

^{**} The development of NAP is applicable only for the Non-Annex I Parties.



METHODOLIGY

- A detailed analysis of the adaptation plan documents was conducted by referring to the most recent documents from the NC / NDC / NAP / AC submitted to the UNFCCC, one for each country.
- The analysis used a quantitative framework for assessing the components of adaptation plan documents using 4 elements:
 - 1. Assessment of the current and future climate
 - 2. Priority sectors
 - 3. Implementation strategy
 - 4. Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E)

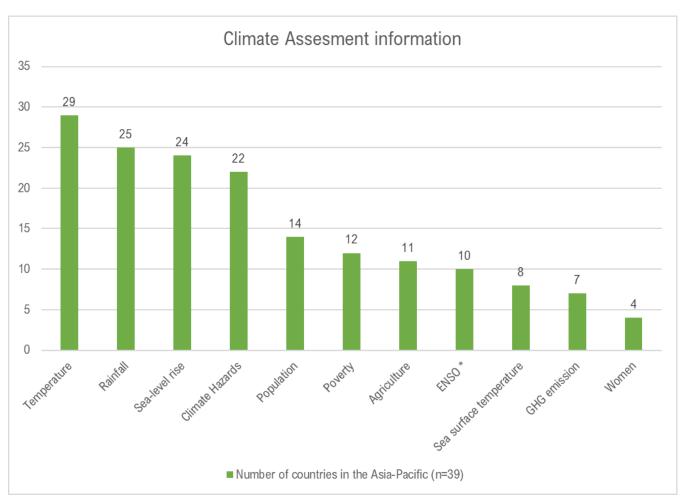
Analyzed documents	TOTAL	East Asia	Pacific	South Asia	South East Asia
	(countries)		(countries)		
NC	7	2	4	0	1
NDC	21	1	7	5	8
NAP	7	0	3	2	2
AC	4	2	2	0	0
TOTAL	39	5	16	7	11

Non- Annex I Parties	LDCs	SIDs	
(countries)			
7	1	3	
21	5	8	
6	4	3	
2	0	1	
36	10	15	

^{*} Since no country had NAPA that corresponded to the most recent document, it was not included in the documents analyzed.



1. Assessment of the current and future climate and its impacts in adaptation plan documents

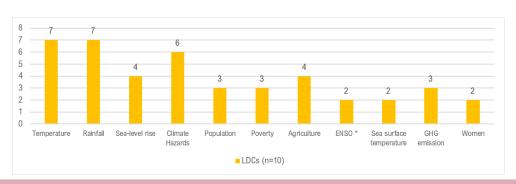


Out of 39 countries in the Asia-Pacific:

 More than half of countries included Temperature, Rainfall, SLR and Climate Hazards in their adaptation plan documents.

Out of 10 LDCs in the Asia-Pacific:

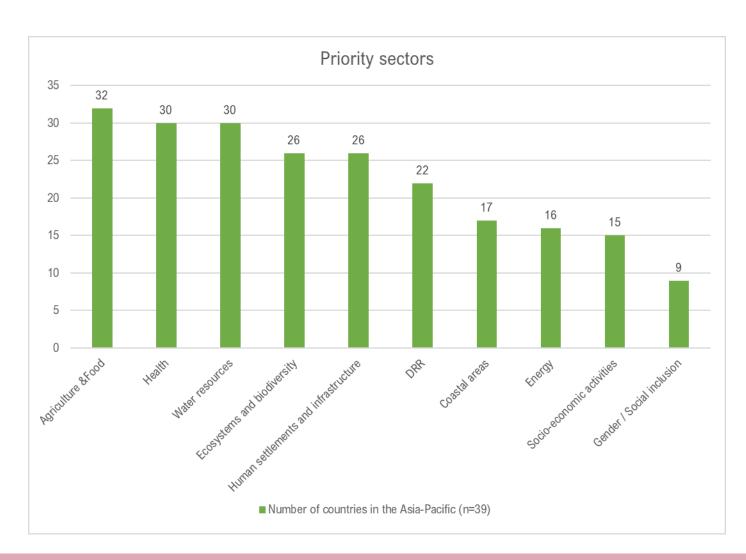
 More than half of countries include Temperature, Rainfall and Climate Hazards.



^{*}ENSO: The El Niño-Southern Oscillation



2. Priority sectors in adaptation plan documents

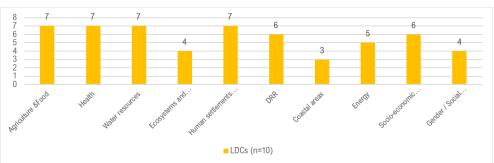


Out of 39 countries in the Asia-Pacific:

 Over 30 countries included Agriculture & Food, Health and Water as priority sectors in their adaptation plan documents.

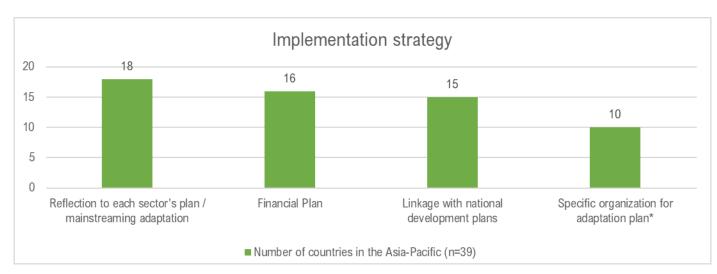
Out of 10 LDCs in the Asia-Pacific:

 More than half of countries also include DRR and Human settlements and infrastructure.



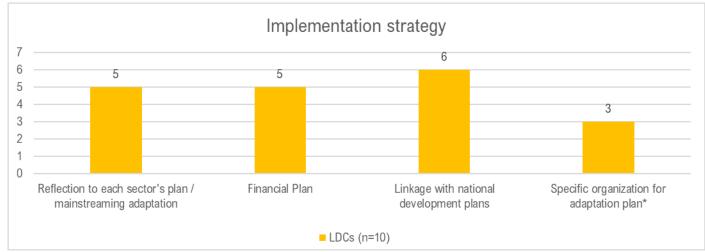


3. Implementation strategy in adaptation plan documents



Out of 39 countries in the Asia-Pacific:

 Only 18 countries mentioned that they reflect adaptation measures in each sector's plan, in their adaptation plan documents.



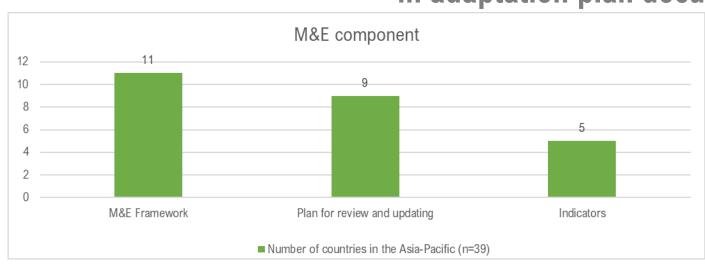
Out of 10 LDCs in the Asia-Pacific:

 6 countries mentioned that there are linkages between adaptation plans and national development plans, in their adaptation plan documents.

^{*}Such as NAP task force

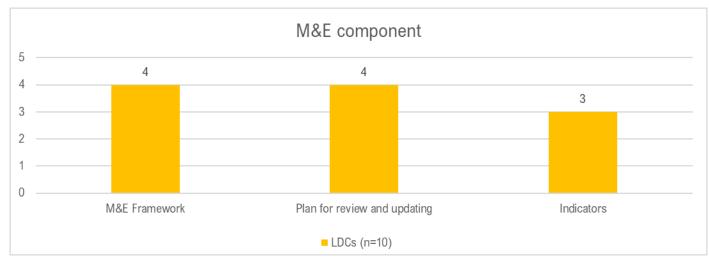


4. Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) component in adaptation plan documents



Out of 39 countries in the Asia-Pacific:

 Only 11 countries included M&E Framework in their adaptation plan documents.



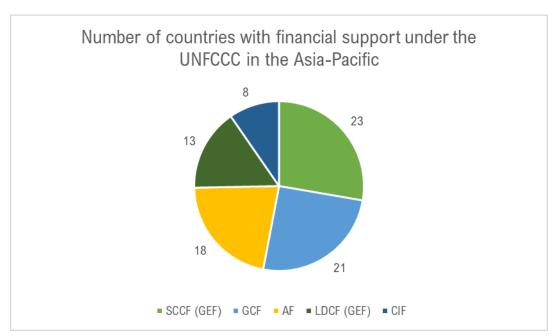
Out of 10 LDCs in the Asia-Pacific:

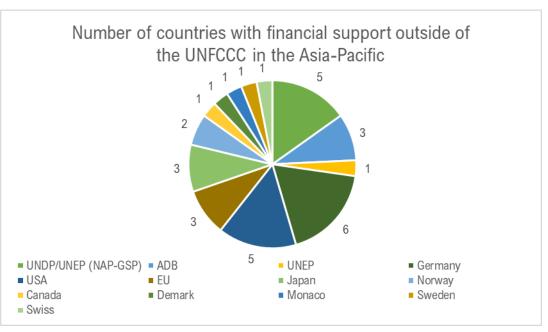
 Only 4 countries included M&E
 Framework and Plan for review and
 updating of the documents in their
 adaptation plan documents.



Financial support for adaptation plan development and its implementation

- Over 20 countries in the Asia-Pacific have been supported by SCCF (GEF) and GCF.
- 5 countries have been supported by the NAP-GSP (UNDP/UNEP).
- Germany, USA, EU and Japan have supported more than 3 countries in the Asia-Pacific.





^{*} Programmes under the UNFCCC and programmes of international organizations/MDBs were identified from the respective websites. Projects supported by the bilateral donor agencies were identified from the adaptation plan documents of the respective countries.

^{*} If there are at least 1 project/programme supported by respective donors in the country, it is counted as 1 donor.



TAKEAWAY MESSAGE

- While most of the countries in the 39 Asia-Pacific have submitted their NCs, NDCs and NAPAs, less than 10 countries have submitted their NAPs and ACs.
- More than half of countries in the Asia-Pacific included basic climate assessment information and identified priority sectors in their adaptation plan documents.
- On the other hand, less than half of the countries in the Asia-Pacific clearly mentioned about the Implementation and M&E strategies in their adaptation plan documents.
- More detailed analysis on the current status, gaps and needs is required on the financial / technical support for adaptation plan development, implementation and it's updates.

More detail information on this survey is available at: https://ap-plat.nies.go.jp/adaptation_plan/status_of_adaptation/index.html