Our precious goal:
It is consisted in preparing highly qualified specialists meeting requirements of sustainable development, and basing on national and the words scientific and technological progress keeping ecological balance.

Perspectives:
Comfortable environmental – qualified teaching personal- High quality training- best specialist- leading school.

Priorities:
✓ Creativeness, intelligence and responsibility of the students
✓ Leadership openness
✓ Qualification, solidarity and creativeness of teachers and workers.
✓ Permanent and efficient links to partners.
School structure of Ecology and technology development

Scientific research services

Main directions of scientific research including student, researches and lectures:

- Agricultural products quality and chemical contents, defect and safety research of agriculture products
- Remnant matter, research of agriculture products
- Microbiology research of agriculture products
- Processing technology agriculture products, it’s control
- Possibility to development of farmer culture in Mongolian environmental specific condition
- Livestock and animal adaptation to climate change research
- Environment pollution it’s effect of health of animal and livestock products and raw materials.
- Ecology decline restoration methods...
Lecturer, research workers comprise various kinds of topics such as climatic changes:

- Legal issues of ecology;
- Wild cat research;
- Reproduction of pastures and water, quality estimation;
- Soil restoration;
- Seeding of non-annual plants, etc.
- To conduct various surveys on the current situation of natural recourses using governors and recourses and socio-economic issues
- To organize ecological trainings and workshops for local residents, state environmental inspectors, land managers, soum governors and resource using economic entities;

Barriers

**Institutional**-Problems in Mongolia seem more or less recognized at sectoral levels, and they are being addressed to a certain extent.

**Financial**-Because of the economic difficulties in Mongolia—as the country is undergoing a transition period—the government is failing to resolve financing issues.

**Technical**-Lack of modern machinery and equipment that could ease work like preparing hay, milking of animals, cutting of wool and cashmere, storing, packing of animal products etc.

**Legislative**-Adequate policies and strategies should be established both at the national and the local level.